

THE DAILY NEWS.

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THE DAILY NEWS will be served to subscribers in the city at 15 cents per week.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—First insertion, 15 cents a line; subsequent insertions, 10 cents a line. Business Notices, 20 cents a line. Marriage and Funeral Notices, One Dollar each.

NEWS SUMMARY.

—Gold in New York, yesterday, closed firm at 39.
—The New York cotton market was a shade firmer and more active. Sales 3200 bales at 29 1/2 cents.
—Cotton in Liverpool was firmer at 11 1/4 for middling uplands. Sales 12,000 bales.
—Chinamen are beginning to come from Canton to the Atlantic cities.

—Bonnets are at a discount this year, round hats having almost superseded them.

—Large quantities of sugar cane are being planted in the Shenandoah Valley, Virginia.
—By an ordinance of Baltimore, minors are to be excluded from the billiard-rooms of that city.

—The expenses for music in nine prominent churches of San Francisco average \$2750 in gold.
—A daily paper, with \$200,000 capital, to advocate "free trade," is said to be contemplated in Boston.

—Double-breasted white vests, worn with single-breasted, high buttoned coats, are stylish and fashionable.
—About two immigrants only, out of every hundred that landed from Europe last year, went to the Southern States.

—There have been two hundred patents issued at the Patent Office, Washington, for velocipedes during the past twelve months.

—The New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has received bequests to the amount of \$400,000 to aid in carrying out its objects.

—Walter Brown has just built, in Boston, the lightest wood wheeled ever constructed. It is 30 feet long, 10 1/2 inches wide, and weighs only 194 pounds.

—The number of newspapers now printed in the United States in the German language is larger than the whole number of journals in the country in 1805.

—The latest thing in the pipe line is imitation meerschaum made of bread. The pipes are of various colors, and closely resemble colored meerschaum.

—For fashionable churches the latest idea is a retiring room, like that of the opera house, where ladies can leave their cloaks, parasols, &c., and, thus disencumbered, attend the service in all the glory of gorgeous raiment.

—A curious race occurred near Boston, on Tuesday. The contestants were a horse and a velocipede, the latter being the faster. The horse could not run five miles while the former ran ten.

—It is rumored that a new paper is to be started in New Orleans to fill the void left by the Crescent. Its name is to be the Delta, and its managing editor will be Colonel Durant DuPont, late chief editor of the Crescent. It is to be conducted after the fashion of the "free hot" journals of the day.

—Quite a number of Israelites, together with some prominent Christians, have addressed a letter to Secretary Fish, begging that the Consulate at Jerusalem may be bestowed on a Hebrew. The Israelites have lately been sending money to Palestine through our consul, feeling aggrieved at some action of his relative to a Hebrew convert.

—The Florida Union is authorized by Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe to deny the story that her orange grove at Mandarin is for sale. It is not for sale, and has never been offered for sale, since owned by her. The story that her title is not valid is also a sheer fabrication, without the least foundation in truth. Mrs. Stowe is now at Mandarin.

—A Hanson cable company has been incorporated in the New York Legislature, and soon the introduction of Hanson cables in New York City will be attempted on a larger scale and under more favorable conditions than ever before. Every previous attempt to introduce them there has failed. The only cable now in use, and the people will probably stick to the street cars whenever they are available.

—The grain trade of New Orleans is largely increasing. The elevator at that city is one of the largest as yet built, and long rows of barges laden with grain are constantly descending the Mississippi. It is reported that one steamer recently towed down 175,000 bushels of wheat. The Western papers are seriously alarmed at the competition of this new route, and are earnestly calling for a reduction of charges on the transportation of grain.

—A misguided Missouri editor demolishes ex-Secretary Stanton in the following fervent manner: "Stanton, the frog-souled, hyena-hearted, fendish executioner of Mrs. Surratt and murderer of Wirz, was lately baptised and taken into a 'loyal' church at Pittsburg. If ten thousand baptisms washed; yea, if being anointed, with a million tied to his neck, in mid-ocean, for a century, will save Stanton, the devil, and all his culinary, dinner-cooking apparatus, needn't despair."

—The Washington correspondents say that the present members of the Cabinet intend to hold on to their positions until Congress meets. In the meantime, Mr. Sumner is said to be casting his eyes toward the State Department, and Edwin M. Stanton is spoken of for the Treasury Department by prominent Radicals, who, while they are satisfied with Boutwell's politics, think he lacks force. It is said that the true and gray gotten up by the Radical press about the Cabinet has for its ultimate object the displacement of some of the present Cabinet members to make way for more pronounced Radicals, like Sumner and Stanton.

—Some of the hereditary legislators of Great Britain are peculiarly blessed in the way of children. The Marquis of Anglesey is one of a family of eighteen brothers and sisters; the Marquis of Huntly, of fourteen; Earl Fitzwilliam is one of thirteen, and has thirteen of his own; Earl Grey is one of fifteen; the late Lord Denham left eight; the Duke of Argyll has twelve, and the Duke of Leinster is one of thirteen, and the Duke of Devonshire has fourteen. There are other English noblemen with fourteen and fifteen children, and the list of families numbering eleven and twelve is very large.

—Before the railroad committee of the Cincinnati City Council, in connection with the advisory committee of the Board of Trade and Chamber of Commerce, the representatives of

the various routes for Northern railroads presented the advantages of their respective lines on Saturday forenoon. Great confidence is felt in the speedy completion of the Grand Trunk line from Cincinnati to Chattanooga.

—A new movement is said to be on foot in Washington, which, if successful, will materially strengthen the Cuban cause. Says the Traveller correspondent: "Prominent Americans are endeavoring to induce the President to take some step or make a declaration showing his approval of the annexing of the Island of St. Domingo to the United States, and that he is in sympathy with any movement which has this object in view. This would be merely an open declaration on the part of the President of what he does not hesitate to admit in private conversation, and making, to a certain extent, an official announcement of those views. When this is done, it is claimed by those who are urging this course, that President Baez, of the St. Domingo Republic, will at once recognize the belligerency of Cubans, and extend such aid as will insure their success in obtaining their independence. As the island of St. Domingo is but a few hours sail from Eastern Cuba, where the insurrection is the strongest, it would give the insurgents a strong foothold from which to ship munitions of war, and commit depredations upon the Spanish commerce with small vessels, which could run out and in the harbors at pleasure. This plan, it seems, was proposed several days ago, but kept secret from fear it would be frustrated. Whether it is successful or not, persons well-informed as to Cuban movements assert, with great confidence, that St. Domingo will soon recognize Cuban belligerency."

CHARLESTON.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 14, 1869.

The Triple Alliance.

A London dispatch to the New York Tribune says that initiatory steps have been taken for an alliance, both offensive and defensive, between England, France and Spain, against the United States; this measure being taken in view of the rejection of the Alabama treaty, the tone of Sumner's speech, the filibustering tendencies of Grant's administration, and the reported connivance of the United States authorities with the expeditions against Cuba. This dispatch is entitled to consideration, because it is sent to a journal which has never made a practice of cooking up highly-spiced foreign news for the sake of an ephemeral notoriety. The foreign correspondence of the Tribune is both able and trustworthy, and it may be taken for granted that it is believed in the London office of that paper that the new triple alliance is in process of formation.

But there is a broader and more emphatic reason why such an alliance may be looked for. If there is any virtue in senatorial speaking, in newspaper writing, and in the popular sentiment which is moulded by the press, England will, sooner or later, be forced into a war with the United States. This must be as plain as the Court of St. James is at its under the shadow of the dusky Goddess of Liberty who broods over the Federal capital. And it is equally evident that it is the desire of the United States to make war on England alone. France has, in every instance, escaped the opprobrium which has been heaped upon "perfidious Albion." Her Majesty's Government recognized the Southern Confederacy as a belligerent power. Napoleon proposed to recognize the independence of the Confederate States. Earl Russell—a weak and irresolute politician—allowed the golden opportunity to pass, and France was not strong enough to not alone. Yet there are sweet words and honied phrases for the Tulleries, while Sumner's declamation and Chandler's abuse are all that is vouchsafed Great Britain.

It is, then, manifestly to the interest of the English Government to form an alliance which will make her so strong that a war with her would be hopeless and ruinous. There is enough conceit in the universal Yankee nation to goad on the Sphinx-like Grant to a war at any price. But with France at her back, England has nothing to fear, and Spain, which is cheated and bamboozled at every turn by the Grant administration, would find in a coalition with England and France full security for Cuba, and an armor of proof to defend her from the ill conceived enmity of the United States. Glancing over the field, then, it is safe to say that a triple alliance, such as that spoken of in the Tribune dispatch, would be, for England and Spain, a master stroke of policy, while it would not in any way interfere with the purposes of France. This being the case, it is fair to assume that there is some foundation for the startling rumor which in New York is "generally disbelieved."

In the meanwhile, every Southerner should watch the political horizon with a calm and steady eye. We know not what might be the final result of a war between the Government of the United States and the three powers; but it is the part of wisdom to keep our house in order and be ready to meet every issue that may arise. Our people now should be chary of contracting debts and of increasing their outstanding engagements. The first serious talk of a war would drive gold out of sight, and in the course of the war the history of the Confederate currency would be repeated. We must live quietly, and, as far as possible, within ourselves. Especial attention should continue to be given to raising breadstuffs. No opportunity should be neglected of increasing our manufacturing capacity. Our aim should be to make the South as far as possible independent, so that if the war cloud does burst over this country, we may be in a position to ride out the storm with but little loss, and be able to take every proper advantage of the chances and contingencies of the future.

The Savannah and Charleston Railroad

We are requested to say that the Courier was premature in announcing on Wednesday that a contract had been perfected for the rebuilding of the Savannah and Charleston Railroad from Coosawatchie to Savannah. The contract at that time was not signed, but we are authorized to say that it is now executed, and that Charleston will have direct communication with Savannah, by rail, by January 1st, and by rail and steamers on the Savannah river, by October 1st, next.

The French Elections.

The elections which take place on Sunday, May 26, are causing great excitement in France, and four meetings in Paris of a political character have been dispersed by the police. As was expected, the opposition to the government in the capital and the chief cities is more active than ever before; but, so perfect is the machinery of the government, and so great the influence exercised by its officials, that it will be almost impossible for a candidate in the rural districts to obtain more than a respectable majority. The Emperor, in removing the restrictions upon the employment of workmen, and in decreeing a pension to the surviving veterans of the Empire, has struck high for popular support; for Napoleon is shrewd enough to know that the intelligent portion of the people are becoming weary of his system of personal government, and that it is time to concede to them a larger share of power and restore at least the form of parliamentary freedom. This can only be done in a legislative assembly which can be relied on never to exercise its privileges in persistent opposition to his interests and will. Hence his efforts not to secure a government success, which is certain, but to prevent the opposition from adding to their strength by electing additional members.

The London Times, of the 29th ult., has a leader commenting upon the appointment of Mr. Motley and the proposed renewal of negotiations on the Alabama claims. The cable briefly referred to this article a few days since in such terms as to excite much anxiety to see the article in full, on the part of the merchants, bankers and others, whose interests are more or less influenced by the discussion of the question. The article is in good temper throughout, though the regret is repeatedly expressed that the Johnson-Stanley treaty was not accepted by the Americans, "especially as Mr. Seward (as known to the world as any country could desire) had accepted it as a final act." Had the result been otherwise, the editor intimates, "the United States would have obtained a treaty which a good many English people thought to involve excessive concessions on our part." The article concludes as follows: "If we are invited to discuss the question of England's right to recognize the Southerners as belligerents, it will be for her Majesty's Government to decide whether, after all that has been said and written on the subject, it is worth while to revive that controversy. There are limits beyond which national courtesy cannot pass, and when we are asked to acknowledge that an ordinary act of national sovereignty, necessary for the due security of our own commerce, was an offence against the Americans to be expiated by apologies or payments, there cannot be much use in discussion."

Wants.

A RESPECTABLE GIRL, who wants a situation as chambermaid or to assist in the house, is willing to travel with a family. Apply at No. 20 BURN'S LANE. 2c

WANTED TO HIRE, A WOMAN to Cook and Wash for a family of five persons. Apply at No. 81 SPRING STREET, south side, or No. 137 MEETING STREET. 2c

WANTED—AGENTS—TO SELL THE AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE. Price \$25. The simplest, cheapest, and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Liberal inducements to Agents. Address: AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE COMPANY, Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo. 7c

WANTED, FIRST-CLASS TRAVELING SALESMEN in every State. Good wages or liberal per cent. Address: W. F. HOWE, No. 630 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa. 3mo

WANTED, AGENTS FOR THE AMERICAN HORSE BOOK, in both English and German, by Robert S. V. S. of the work covers the whole ground of the breeding, training, and treatment of horses and mules, both in sickness and health. It has won its way to popular favor, and is to-day the most popular and valuable horse book out. Address: O. F. YENI, Publisher, Cincinnati, O. 3mo

WANTED, EVERYBODY TO SUBSCRIBE TO THE CIRCULATING LIBRARY. CHARLES C. RIGTER'S Select Library of New Books, all of the latest and best. Address: No. 161 KING STREET. 2c

TO RENT, THE HALF OF A HOUSE, with Kitchen and bath, situated in the Western part of the city, a few doors from the City Hall. Terms moderate. Apply at THIS OFFICE. 2c

TO RENT, A DESIRABLE DWELLING HOUSE, at Flat Rock, N. C. The house is well situated, in a healthy locality, completely furnished; kitchen attached to the house; excellent water, stable and carriage house, excellent water, and shade trees; abundant fruit. Rent moderate. For full particulars apply to GEO. R. B. HOWE, Accommodation Wharf. 2c

FOR SALE, A LIGHT DRAUGHT NEW ORLEANS BOAT, copper bottomed, center keel, 21 feet 6 inches long, 4 feet 6 inches beam, with sails, oars, rudder, anchor—everything in order. Apply at THIS OFFICE. May 12

STRAIGHT ENGINES FOR SALE CHEAP. (1) One 12-horse Portable Engine (2) One 4-horse Portable Engine. Address: CAMERON, BARRETT & CO., Northeast corner Meeting and Cumberland streets. January 10

FOR SALE, OLD NEWSPAPERS in any quantity. Price 75 cents per hundred. The cheapest wrapping paper that can be used. Apply at the office of THE NEWS. March 1

Removal. I RESPECTFULLY INFORM MY friends and the public that I have removed to No. 249 E. STREET. Ready to attend to Mr. O. KERRISON'S Dry Goods and Tailoring. May 8

CHARLESTON AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE AND SEED STORE. AGENTS FOR THE "GARDEN SEEDS." GEO. E. PIERCE, No. 140 Meeting street, Charleston. 3mo

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Meetings.

MARION LODGE, No. 2, I. O. O. F. THE REGULAR WEEKLY MEETING OF THIS Lodge will be held THIS EVENING, at eight o'clock, at Odd Fellows' Hall, corner King and Liberty streets. Members are requested to attend. By order N. G. ROBERT C. STARR, May 14 Recording Secretary.

ETNA STEAM FIRE ENGINE COMPANY. THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING OF YOUR Company will be held THIS EVENING, at eight o'clock, at the "Empire Hall," Queen-street, at half past eight o'clock. By order MAY 14 T. H. GUN, Secretary P. T.

STATE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION. A MEETING OF THIS ASSOCIATION WILL be held in Charleston on THURSDAY, 20th day of May, with the view to reorganization. A list of the members of the association in the State are invited to attend. The various railroads and steamboats will pass delegates for one fare. JOHN DOUGLASS, M. D., Vice President of Medical Association. State papers insert twice and send bill to President Association. May 11

NOTICES IN BANKRUPTCY. IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR SOUTH CAROLINA. MAY TERM, 1869. IN THE MATTER OF J. M. P. FULLER, OF EDGEFIELD CO. IN BANKRUPT. PETITION FOR FULL AND FINAL DISCHARGE IN BANKRUPTCY.—Ordered, that a hearing be had on the petition of J. M. P. FULLER, at Federal Court-house in Charleston, S. C.; 1869, at Federal Court-house in Charleston, S. C.; at said time and place, and show cause, if any they can, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. By order of the Court, the 13th day of May, 1869. D. NIEL HORLBECK, Clerk of the District Court of the U. S. for S. C. May 14

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